

Coherent Diffusion of Slow Light

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Thermal atomic motion is manifested as coherent diffusion of slow and stored light [1]. Specifically, the finite probability of diffusing atoms to return to origin in 1 and 2 dimensions results in a universal fat-tailed EIT spectra [2], delayed light generation yields optimal long diffusion time [3,4], Bessel-like light fields are shown to be invariant to coherent diffusion similar to coherent diffraction [5]. However, partially coherent fields behave dramatically different under coherent diffusion as compared to coherent diffraction in terms of both spatial behavior [6] and mode purity [7]. We will show that coherent diffusion can be used to find ground state of complex Hamiltonians by mimicking imaginary time evolution [7].

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2. "Anomalous Symmetry Breaking in Two-Dimensional Diffusion of Coherent Atoms", R. Pugatch, D. Bhattacharyya, A. Amir, Y. Sagi, and N. Davidson, *Phys. Rev. A* **89**, 033807 (2014).
3. "Continuous and delayed generation of light from atomic coherence", S. Smartsev, D. Eger, N. Davidson, and O. Firstenberg, *J. Phys. B*, 50, 215003 (2017).
4. "Delayed light generation in multi-level double-V configuration", D. Eger, S. Smartsev, O. Firstenberg, and N. Davidson, submitted.
5. "Diffusion-free beams", Slava Smartsev, Ronen Chriki, David Eger, Ofer Firstenberg, and Nir Davidson, submitted.
6. "Diffusion of slow partially coherent beams", R. Chriki, S. Smartsev and N. Davidson, in preparation.
7. "Purification by coherent diffusion", S. Smartsev and N. Davidson, in preparation.